

The current theme structure of the database at PHILOSOPHYIDEAS.COM. The number after each theme shows the total number of ideas stored on that topic.

1. Philosophy

A. Wisdom

1. Nature of Wisdom (37)
2. Wise People (33)
3. Wisdom Deflated (16)

B. History of Ideas

1. History of Ideas (11)
2. Ancient Thought (7)
3. Greek-English Lexicon (77)
4. Early European Thought (7)
5. Later European Thought (13)
6. Twentieth Century Thought (2)

C. History of Philosophy

1. History of Philosophy (8)
2. Ancient Philosophy
 - a. Ancient chronology (42)
 - b. Pre-Socratic philosophy (7)
 - c. Classical philosophy (6)
 - d. Hellenistic philosophy (0)
 - e. Late classical philosophy (2)
 - f. Aristotle sequence (0)
3. Earlier European Philosophy
 - a. Earlier European chronology (16)
 - b. Early medieval philosophy (3)
 - c. Later medieval philosophy (3)
 - d. Renaissance philosophy (3)
4. Later European Philosophy
 - a. Later European chronology (27)
 - b. Seventeenth century philosophy (6)
 - c. Eighteenth century philosophy (10)
 - d. Nineteenth century philosophy (7)
5. Modern Philosophy
 - a. Modern philosophy chronology (33)
 - b. Modern philosophy beginnings (2)
 - c. Modern philosophy mid-period (2)
 - d. Contemporary philosophy (1)

D. Nature of Philosophy

1. Philosophy (32)
2. Invocation to Philosophy (20)
3. Philosophy Defined (32)
4. Divisions of Philosophy (6)
5. Aims of Philosophy
 - a. Philosophy as worldly (33)
 - b. Philosophy as transcendent (12)
 - c. Philosophy as generalisation (7)
 - d. Philosophy as puzzles (12)
 - e. Philosophy as reason (18)
 - f. Philosophy as healing (2)
6. Hopes for Philosophy (11)
7. Despair over Philosophy (48)
8. Humour (15)

E. Nature of Metaphysics

1. Nature of Metaphysics (28)
2. Possibility of Metaphysics (18)
3. Metaphysical Systems (36)
4. Metaphysics as Science (25)
5. Metaphysics beyond Science (20)
6. Metaphysics as Conceptual (24)
7. Against Metaphysics (14)

F. Analytic Philosophy

1. Nature of Analysis (17)
2. Analysis by Division (10)
3. Analysis of Preconditions (8)
4. Conceptual Analysis (28)
5. Linguistic Analysis (38)
6. Logical Analysis (13)
7. Limitations of Analysis (19)

G. Scientific Philosophy

1. Aims of Science (12)
2. Positivism (8)
3. Scientism (30)

H. Continental Philosophy

1. Continental Philosophy (19)
2. Phenomenology (23)
3. Hermeneutics (15)
4. Linguistic Structuralism (5)
5. Critical Theory (3)
6. Deconstruction (11)

2. Reason

A. Nature of Reason

1. On Reason (34)
2. Logos (20)
3. Pure Reason (14)
4. Aims of Reason (27)
5. Objectivity (39)
6. Coherence (24)
7. Status of Reason (17)
8. Naturalising Reason (9)
9. Limits of Reason (28)

B. Laws of Thought

1. Laws of Thought (9)
2. Sufficient Reason (23)
3. Non-Contradiction (22)
4. Contraries (9)
5. Opposites (5)
6. Ockham's Razor (27)

C. Styles of Reason

1. Dialectic (37)
2. Elenchus (8)
3. Eristic (6)

D. Definition

1. Definitions (19)
2. Aims of Definition (19)
3. Types of Definition (11)
4. Real Definition (25)
5. Genus and Differentia (23)
6. Definition by Essence (14)
7. Contextual Definition (14)
8. Impredicative Definition (9)
9. Recursive Definition (2)
10. Stipulative Definition (4)
11. Ostensive Definition (7)
12. Paraphrase (7)
13. Against Definition (11)

E. Argument

1. Argument (9)
2. Transcendental Argument (5)
3. Analogy (8)
4. Open Question (1)

5. Reductio ad Absurdum (1)

6. Conclusive Proof (8)
7. Thought Experiments (4)

F. Fallacies

1. Fallacy (8)
2. Infinite Regress (4)
3. Question Begging (4)
4. Circularity (8)
5. Fallacy of Composition (5)
6. Fallacy of Division (1)
7. Ad Hominem (5)
8. Category Mistake
 - a. Category mistakes (11)
 - b. Category mistake as syntactic (5)
 - c. Category mistake as semantic (11)
 - d. Category mistake as pragmatic (5)
 - e. Category mistake as ontological (1)

3. Truth

A. Truth Problems

1. Truth (31)
2. Defining Truth (30)
3. Value of Truth (36)
4. Uses of Truth (8)
5. Truth Bearers (25)
6. Verisimilitude (8)
7. Falsehood (8)
8. Subjective Truth (15)
9. Rejecting Truth (11)

B. Truthmakers

1. For Truthmakers (8)
2. Truthmaker Relation (11)
3. Truthmaker Maximalism (9)
4. Truthmaker Necessitarianism (11)
5. What Makes Truths
 - a. What makes truths (21)
 - b. Objects make truths (8)
 - c. States of affairs make truths (5)
 - d. Being makes truths (7)
6. Making Negative Truths (10)
7. Making Modal Truths (10)
8. Making General Truths (3)
9. Making Past Truths (6)
10. Making Future Truths (5)
11. Truthmaking and Correspondence (11)
12. Rejecting Truthmakers (15)

C. Correspondence Truth

1. Correspondence Truth (35)
2. Correspondence to Facts (13)
3. Correspondence Truth critique (28)

D. Coherence Truth

1. Coherence Truth (23)
2. Coherence Truth Critique (8)

E. Pragmatic Truth

1. Pragmatic Truth (24)

F. Semantic Truth

1. Tarski's Truth
 - a. Tarski's truth definition (27)
 - b. Satisfaction and truth (18)
 - c. Meta-language for truth (9)
2. Semantic Truth (35)

G. Axiomatic Truth

1. Axiomatic Truth (35)
2. FS Truth Axioms (3)
3. KF Truth Axioms (6)

H. Deflationary Truth

1. Redundant Truth (13)
2. Deflationary Truth (32)
3. Minimalist Truth (7)

4. Formal Logic

A. Syllogistic Logic

1. Aristotelian Logic (15)
2. Syllogistic Logic (14)
3. Term Logic (5)

B. Propositional Logic PL

1. Propositional Logic (12)
2. Tools of Propositional Logic
 - a. Symbols of PL (10)
 - b. Terminology of PL (16)
 - c. Derivation rules of PL (14)
 - d. Basic theorems of PL (18)
 - e. Axioms of PL (17)
3. Truth Tables (9)
4. Soundness of PL (2)
5. Completeness of PL (1)

C. Predicate Calculus PC

1. Predicate Calculus PC (3)
2. Tools of Predicate Calculus
 - a. Symbols of PC (4)
 - b. Terminology of PC (1)
 - c. Derivations rules of PC (6)
 - d. Universal quantifier ∀ (4)
 - e. Existential quantifier ∃ (4)
3. Completeness of PC (1)
4. Soundness of PC (0)

D. Modal Logic ML

1. Modal Logic (18)
2. Tools of Modal Logic
 - a. Symbols of ML (4)
 - b. Terminology of ML (6)
 - c. Derivation rules of ML (15)
3. Modal Logic Systems
 - a. Systems of modal logic (6)
 - b. System K (2)
 - c. System D (6)
 - d. System T (4)
 - e. System K4 (1)
 - f. System B (5)
 - g. System S4 (7)
 - h. System S5 (18)
4. Alethic Modal Logic (11)
5. Epistemic Logic (3)
6. Temporal Logic (4)
7. Barcan Formula (25)

E. Nonclassical Logics

1. Nonclassical Logics (2)
2. Intuitionist Logic (15)
3. Many-Valued Logic (7)
4. Fuzzy Logic (4)
5. Relevant Logic (8)
6. Free Logic (8)

7. Paraconsistency (5)
8. Intensional Logic (3)
9. Awareness Logic (1)
10. Justification Logics (1)
11. Dynamic Logics (1)
12. Non-Monotonic Logic (6)

F. Set Theory ST

1. Set Theory (30)
 - a. Symbols of ST (19)
 - b. Terminology of ST (40)
 - c. Basic theorems of ST (4)
2. Mechanics of Set Theory
 - a. Types of set (4)
 - b. Empty (Null) Set (30)
 - c. Unit (Singleton) Sets (12)
 - d. Infinite Sets (10)
 - e. Equivalence classes (7)
3. Types of Set
 - a. Types of sets (33)
 - b. Axiom of Extensionality I (9)
 - c. Axiom of Pairing II (5)
 - d. Axiom of Unions III (3)
 - e. Axiom of the Empty Set IV (1)
 - f. Axiom of Infinity V (13)
 - g. Axiom of Powers VI (5)
 - h. Axiom of Replacement VII (5)
 - i. Axiom of Foundation VIII (6)
 - j. Axiom of Choice IX (34)
 - k. Axiom of Existence (2)
 - l. Axiom of Specification (2)
 - m. Axiom of Separation (3)
 - n. Axiom of Comprehension (3)
 - o. Axiom of Constructibility $V = L$ (6)
 - p. Axiom of Reducibility (10)
4. Conceptions of Set
 - a. Sets as existing (8)
 - b. Combinatorial sets (1)
 - c. Logical sets (6)
 - d. Naïve logical sets (9)
 - e. Iterative sets (15)
 - f. Limitation of Size (8)
5. Ordering in Sets (10)
6. Natural Sets (10)
7. Critique of Set Theory (23)

G. Formal Mereology

1. Mereology (23)
2. Terminology of Mereology (11)
3. Axioms of Mereology (9)
4. Groups (3)

5. Theory of Logic

A. Overview of Logic

1. Overview of Logic (34)
2. History of Logic (15)
3. Value of Logic (23)
4. Pure Logic (18)
5. First-Order Logic (23)
6. Classical Logic (27)
7. Second-Order Logic (33)
8. Logic of Mathematics (8)
9. Philosophical Logic (2)

B. Logical Consequence

1. Logical Consequence (28)
2. Types of Consequence (6)
3. Deductive Consequence \vdash (7)

4. Semantic Consequence \models (16)
5. Modus Ponens (9)
6. Entailment (2)
7. Strict Implication (5)
8. Material Implication (7)

C. Ontology of Logic

1. Ontology of Logic (22)
2. Platonism in Logic (5)
3. If-Thenism (13)
4. Logic by Convention (8)

D. Assumptions for Logic

1. Bivalence (18)
2. Excluded Middle (28)
3. Contradiction (5)
4. Identity in Logic (16)

E. Structures of Logic

1. Logical Form (36)
2. Logical Connectives
 - a. Logical connectives (31)
 - b. Basic connectives (3)
 - c. not (13)
 - d. and (7)
 - e. or (8)
3. Constants in Logic (2)
4. Variables in Logic (19)
5. Functions in Logic (13)
6. Relations in Logic (11)
7. Predicates in Logic (6)
8. Theories in Logic (9)

F. Referring in Logic

1. Naming
 - a. Names (32)
 - b. Names as descriptive (33)
 - c. Names as referential (22)
 - d. Singular terms (16)
 - e. Empty names (13)
 - f. Names eliminated (6)
2. Descriptions
 - a. Descriptions (4)
 - b. Definite descriptions (21)
 - c. Theory of definite descriptions (25)
3. Property (λ -) Abstraction (5)

G. Quantification

1. Quantification (23)
2. Domain of Quantification (16)
3. Objectual Quantification (9)
4. Substitutional Quantification (23)
5. Second-Order Quantification (11)
6. Plural Quantification (24)
7. Unorthodox Quantification (9)

H. Proof Systems

1. Proof Systems (4)
2. Axiomatic Proof (7)
3. Proof from Assumptions (7)
4. Natural Deduction (14)
5. Tableau Proof (8)
6. Sequent Calculi (5)

I. Semantics of Logic

1. Semantics of Logic (23)
2. Formal Truth (6)
3. Logical Truth (24)
4. Satisfaction (12)
5. Extensionalism (5)
6. Intensionalism (4)

J. Model Theory in Logic

1. Logical Models (35)

2. Isomorphisms (13)
3. Löwenheim-Skolem Theorems (24)

K. Features of Logics

1. Axiomatisation (31)
2. Consistency (10)
3. Soundness (12)
4. Completeness (14)
5. Incompleteness (10)
6. Compactness (17)
7. Decidability (7)
8. Enumerability (10)
9. Expressibility (2)
10. Monotonicity (6)

L. Paradox

1. Paradox (5)
2. Aporiai (21)
3. Antinomies (9)
4. Paradoxes in Logic
 - a. Achilles paradox (9)
 - b. König's paradox (1)
 - c. Berry's paradox (4)
 - d. Richard's paradox (2)
 - e. The Lottery paradox (2)
 - f. Curry paradoxes (0)
5. Paradoxes in Set Theory
 - a. Set theory paradoxes (4)
 - b. Cantor's paradox (2)
 - c. Burali-Forti's paradox (5)
 - d. Russell's paradox (7)
 - e. Mirimanoff's paradox (2)
6. Paradoxes in Language
 - a. The Liar paradox (19)
 - b. The Heap paradox ('Sorites') (6)
 - c. Grelling's paradox (2)
 - d. The Preface paradox (1)
 - e. The Surprise Test paradox (0)
7. Paradoxes of Time (3)

6. Mathematics

A. Nature of Mathematics

1. Mathematics (30)
2. Geometry (31)
3. Nature of Numbers
 - a. Numbers (26)
 - b. Types of number (25)
 - c. Priority of numbers (19)
 - d. Natural numbers (6)
 - e. Ordinal numbers (30)
 - f. Cardinal numbers (8)
 - g. Real numbers (29)
 - h. Reals from Cauchy (5)
 - i. Reals from cuts (11)
 - j. Complex numbers (2)
 - k. Imaginary numbers (1)
 - l. Zero (7)
 - m. One (7)
 - n. Pi (2)
4. Using Numbers
 - a. Units (21)
 - b. Quantity (4)
 - c. Counting procedure (32)
 - d. Counting via concepts (12)
 - e. Counting by correlation (8)
 - f. Arithmetic (10)
 - g. Applying mathematics (11)
5. The Infinite

- a. The Infinite (26)
- b. Mark of the infinite (3)
- c. Potential infinite (5)
- d. Actual infinite (11)
- e. Countable infinity (1)
- f. Uncountable infinities (5)
- g. Continuum Hypothesis (15)
- h. Ordinal infinity (9)
- i. Cardinal infinity (10)
- j. Infinite divisibility (6)
- k. Infinitesimals (9)
- l. Limits (6)

B. Foundations for Mathematics

1. Foundations for Mathematics (15)
2. Proof in Mathematics (7)
3. Axioms for Geometry (21)
4. Axioms for Number
 - a. Axioms for numbers (20)
 - b. Baby arithmetic (2)
 - c. Robinson arithmetic (2)
 - d. Peano arithmetic (25)
 - e. Peano arithmetic 2nd-order (9)
 - f. Mathematical induction (10)
 - g. Incompleteness of Arithmetic (21)
5. Definitions of Number
 - a. Defining numbers (3)
 - b. Greek arithmetic (10)
 - c. Fregean numbers (46)
 - d. Hume's Principle (19)
 - e. Caesar problem (13)
 - f. Zermelo numbers (3)
 - g. Von Neumann numbers (4)
6. Mathematics as Set Theory
 - a. Mathematics is set theory (36)
 - b. Mathematics is not set theory (14)
7. Mathematical Structuralism
 - a. Structuralism (34)
 - b. Varieties of structuralism (11)
 - c. Nominalist structuralism (13)
 - d. Platonist structuralism (12)
 - e. Structuralism critique (23)

C. Sources of Mathematics

1. Mathematical Platonism
 - a. For mathematical platonism (34)
 - b. Against mathematical platonism (21)
2. Intuition of Mathematics (11)
3. Mathematical Nominalism (5)
4. Mathematical Empiricism
 - a. Mathematical empiricism (37)
 - b. Indispensability of mathematics (17)
 - c. Against mathematical empiricism (19)
5. Numbers as Adjectival (14)
6. Logicism
 - a. Early logicism (33)
 - b. Type theory (23)
 - c. Neo-logicism (15)
 - d. Logicism critique (40)
7. Formalism (24)
8. Finitism (5)
9. Fictional Mathematics (11)
10. Constructivism
 - a. Constructivism (16)
 - b. Intuitionism (18)
 - c. Conceptualism (8)
 - d. Predicativism (19)
 - e. Psychologism (3)

7. Existence

A. Nature of Existence

1. Nature of Existence (21)
2. Types of Existence (18)
3. Being
 - a. Nature of Being (29)
 - b. Being and existence (4)
 - c. Becoming (11)
 - d. Non-being (13)
 - e. Being and nothing (9)
 - f. Primary being (15)
 - g. Particular being (16)
 - h. Dasein (being human) (18)
 - i. Deflating being (10)
4. Abstract Existence (13)
5. Reason for Existence (18)
6. Criterion for Existence (34)

B. Change in Existence

1. Nature of Change (29)
2. Processes (21)
3. Moments (4)
4. Events
 - a. Nature of events (17)
 - b. Events as primitive (11)
 - c. Reduction of events (19)

C. Structure of Existence

1. Grounding
 - a. Nature of grounding (25)
 - b. Relata of grounding (8)
 - c. Grounding and explanation (8)
 - d. Grounding and reduction (2)
2. Reduction (25)
3. Levels of Reality (6)
4. Ontological Dependence (17)
5. Supervenience
 - a. Nature of supervenience (14)
 - b. Types of supervenience (9)
 - c. Significance of supervenience (23)
 - d. Humean supervenience (8)
6. Fundamentals
 - a. Fundamental reality (3)
 - b. Types of fundamental (2)
 - c. Monads (24)
 - d. Logical atoms (24)
7. Abstract/Concrete
 - a. Abstract/concrete (26)
 - b. Levels of abstraction (6)
8. Stuff
 - a. Pure stuff (17)
 - b. Mixtures (7)

D. Theories of Reality

1. Ontologies (15)
2. Realism (41)
3. Reality (25)
4. Anti-realism (36)
5. Naturalism (6)
6. Physicalism (20)
7. Fictionalism (12)
8. Facts
 - a. Facts (21)
 - b. Types of fact (12)
 - c. Facts and truths (6)
 - d. Negative facts (6)
 - e. Facts rejected (4)
9. States of Affairs (8)

10. Vagueness
 - a. Problem of vagueness (7)
 - b. Vagueness of reality (15)
 - c. Vagueness as ignorance (14)
 - d. Vagueness as linguistic (18)
 - e. Higher-order vagueness (2)
 - f. Supervaluation for vagueness (30)
 - g. Degrees of vagueness (7)
11. Ontological Commitment
 - a. Ontological commitment (21)
 - b. Commitment of quantifiers (9)
 - c. Commitment of predicates (5)
 - d. Commitment of theories (11)
 - e. Ontological commitment problems (1)

E. Categories

1. Categories (21)
2. Categorisation (19)
3. Proposed Categories (23)
4. Category Realism (11)
5. Category Anti-Realism (18)

8. Modes of Existence

A. Relations

1. Nature of Relations (35)
2. Internal Relations (15)
3. Structural Relations (4)
4. Formal Relations
 - a. Types of relation (12)
 - b. Equivalence relation (2)
 - c. Ancestral relation (4)

B. Properties

1. Nature of Properties (35)
2. Need for Properties (9)
3. Types of Properties (17)
4. Intrinsic Properties (18)
5. Natural Properties (30)
6. Categorical Properties (29)
7. Emergent Properties (14)
8. Properties as Modes (17)
9. Qualities (4)
10. Properties as Predicates (30)
11. Properties as Sets (22)
12. Denial of Properties (18)
13. Tropes
 - a. Nature of tropes (36)
 - b. Critique of tropes (22)

C. Powers and Dispositions

1. Powers (33)
2. Powers as Basic (39)
3. Powers as Derived (23)
4. Powers as Essence (24)
5. Powers and Properties (29)
6. Dispositions
 - a. Dispositions (25)
 - b. Dispositions and powers (13)
 - c. Dispositions as conditional (12)
 - d. Dispositions as occurrent (11)
 - e. Dispositions as potential (5)
7. Against Powers (18)

D. Universals

1. Universals (37)
2. Need for Universals (25)
3. Instantiated Universals (12)
4. Uninstantiated Universals (13)
5. Universals as Concepts (7)
6. Platonic Forms

- a. Platonic Forms (29)
- b. Partaking (26)
- c. Self-predication (6)
- d. Forms critiques (24)

E. Nominalism

1. Nominalism
 - a. Nominalism (17)
 - b. Nominalism about universals (16)
 - c. Nominalism about abstracta (9)
2. Resemblance Nominalism (23)
3. Predicate Nominalism (13)
4. Concept Nominalism (6)
5. Class Nominalism (17)
6. Mereological Nominalism (5)

9. Objects

A. Existence of Objects

1. Physical Objects (37)
2. Abstract Objects
 - a. Nature of abstracta (16)
 - b. Need for abstracta (5)
 - c. Modern abstracta (17)
 - d. Problems with abstracta (7)
3. Objects in Thought (15)
4. Impossible objects (17)
5. Individuation
 - a. Individuation (37)
 - b. Individuation by properties (11)
 - c. Individuation by location (12)
 - d. Individuation by haecceity (21)
 - e. Individuation by kind (40)
6. Nihilism about Objects (29)

B. Unity of Objects

1. Unifying an Object
 - a. Intrinsic unification (23)
 - b. Unifying aggregates (18)
 - c. Unity as conceptual (11)
2. Substance
 - a. Substance (41)
 - b. Need for substance (6)
 - c. Types of substance (20)
 - d. Substance defined (37)
 - e. Substance critique (20)
3. Unity Problems
 - a. Scattered objects (3)
 - b. Cat and its tail (8)
 - c. Statue and clay (38)
 - d. Coincident objects (10)
 - e. Vague objects (29)

C. Structure of Objects

1. Structure of an Object (15)
2. Hylomorphism
 - a. Hylomorphism (30)
 - b. Form as principle (8)
 - c. Form as causal (8)
 - d. Form as unifier (11)
3. Matter of an Object (13)
4. Quantity of an Object (9)
5. Composition of an Object (23)
6. Constitution of an Object (21)
7. Substratum (22)
8. Parts of Objects
 - a. Parts of objects (27)
 - b. Sums of parts (22)
 - c. Wholes from parts (45)

D. Essence of Objects

1. Essences of Objects (27)
2. Types of Essence (17)
3. Individual Essences (40)
4. Essence as Definition (21)
5. Essence as Kind (28)
6. Essence as Unifier (24)
7. Essence and Necessity
 - a. Essence as necessary properties (21)
 - b. Essence not necessities (22)
 - c. Essentials are necessary (9)
8. Essence as Explanatory (21)
9. Essence and Properties (33)
10. Essence as Species (18)
11. Essence of Artefacts (11)
12. Essential Parts (7)
13. Nominal Essence (29)
14. Knowledge of Essences (19)
15. Against Essentialism (34)

E. Objects over Time

1. Objects over Time (16)
2. Objects that Change (17)
3. Three-Dimensionalism (12)
4. Four-Dimensionalism (24)
5. Temporal Parts (21)
6. Successive Things (10)
7. Intermittent Objects (8)
8. Continuity of Rivers (9)
9. Ship of Theseus (19)
10. Beginning of an Object (9)
11. End of an Object (3)
12. Origin as Essential (21)
13. No Identity over Time (3)

F. Identity among Objects

1. Concept of Identity (33)
2. Defining Identity (14)
3. Relative Identity (18)
4. Type Identity (11)
5. Self-Identity (23)
6. Identity between Objects (21)
7. Indiscernible Objects (38)
8. Leibniz's Law (18)
9. Sameness (9)

10. Modality

A. Necessity

1. Types of Modality (8)
2. Nature of Necessity (25)
3. Types of Necessity (26)
4. De re / De dicto modality (14)
5. Metaphysical Necessity (29)
6. Logical Necessity (40)
7. Natural Necessity (18)
8. Transcendental Necessity (6)
9. Normative Necessity (1)
10. Impossibility (7)
11. Denial of Necessity (20)

B. Possibility

1. Possibility (41)
2. Epistemic possibility (3)
3. Combinatorial possibility (4)
4. Potentiality (13)
5. Contingency (10)
6. Probability (15)
7. Chance (10)
8. Conditionals

- a. Conditionals (11)
 - b. Types of conditional (6)
 - c. Truth-function conditionals (25)
 - d. Non-truthfunction conditionals (15)
 - e. Supposition conditionals (6)
 - f. Pragmatics of conditionals (6)
9. Counterfactuals (23)

C. Sources of Modality

- 1. Sources of Necessity (28)
- 2. Necessity as Primitive (3)
- 3. Necessity by Convention (11)
- 4. Necessity from Concepts (13)
- 5. Modality from Actuality (15)
- 6. Necessity from Essence (17)

D. Knowledge of Modality

- 1. A Priori Necessary (22)
- 2. A Priori Contingent (6)
- 3. A Posteriori Necessary (10)
- 4. Conceivable as Possible
 - a. Conceivable as possible (26)
 - b. Conceivable but impossible (10)
 - c. Possible but inconceivable (6)

E. Possible worlds

- 1. Possible Worlds
 - a. Possible worlds (32)
 - b. Impossible worlds (8)
 - c. Possible worlds realism (13)
 - d. Possible worlds actualism (13)
 - e. Against possible worlds (29)
- 2. Nature of Possible Worlds
 - a. Nature of possible worlds (32)
 - b. Worlds as fictions (8)
 - c. Worlds as propositions (7)
- 3. Transworld Objects
 - a. Transworld identity (31)
 - b. Rigid designation (22)
 - c. Counterparts (31)
 - d. Haecceitism (16)
 - e. Possible Objects (9)

11. Knowledge Aims

A. Knowledge

- 1. Knowledge (39)
- 2. Understanding (43)
- 3. Value of Knowledge (9)
- 4. Belief
 - a. Beliefs (28)
 - b. Elements of beliefs (10)
 - c. Aim of beliefs (26)
 - d. Cause of beliefs (15)
 - e. Belief holism (9)
 - f. Animal beliefs (4)
- 5. Aiming at Truth (5)
- 6. Knowing How (7)
- 7. Knowledge First (11)

B. Certain Knowledge

- 1. Certainty (34)
- 2. Common Sense Certainty (7)
- 3. Fallibilism (13)
- 4. The Cogito (30)
- 5. Cogito Critique (32)

C. Knowing Reality

- 1. Perceptual Realism
 - a. Naïve realism (5)
 - b. Direct realism (16)
 - c. Representative realism (9)

- 2. Phenomenalism (31)
- 3. Idealism
 - a. Idealism (19)
 - b. Transcendental idealism (23)
 - c. Empirical idealism (15)
 - d. Absolute idealism (38)
- 4. Solipsism (8)

12. Knowledge Sources

A. A Priori Knowledge

- 1. Nature of the A Priori (22)
- 2. Self-Evidence (23)
- 3. Innate Knowledge
 - a. Innate knowledge (16)
 - b. Recollection doctrine (6)
 - c. Tabula rasa (8)
- 4. A Priori as Necessities (19)
- 5. A Priori Synthetic (26)
- 6. A Priori from Reason (7)
- 7. A Priori from Convention (6)
- 8. A Priori as Analytic (20)
- 9. A Priori from Concepts (15)
- 10. A Priori as Subjective (7)
- 11. Denying the A Priori (11)

B. Perception

- 1. Perception (35)
- 2. Qualities in Perception
 - a. Qualities in perception (8)
 - b. Primary/secondary (19)
 - c. Primary qualities (21)
 - d. Secondary qualities (32)
 - e. Primary/secondary critique (17)
- 3. Representation (23)
- 4. Sense Data
 - a. Sense-data theory (23)
 - b. Nature of sense-data (17)
 - c. Unperceived sense-data (4)
 - d. Sense-data problems (19)
- 5. Interpretation (26)
- 6. Inference in Perception (21)
- 7. Causal Perception (10)
- 8. Adverbial Theory (12)

C. Rationalism

- 1. Rationalism (43)
- 2. Innate Language (0)

D. Empiricism

- 1. Empiricism (38)
- 2. Associationism (19)
- 3. Pragmatism (9)
- 4. Pro-Empiricism (20)
- 5. Empiricism Critique (38)

E. Direct Knowledge

- 1. Common Sense (9)
- 2. Intuition (26)
- 3. Inspiration (3)
- 4. Memory (37)

13. Knowledge Criteria

A. Justification Problems

- 1. Justification
 - a. Justification issues (15)
 - b. Need for justification (13)
 - c. Defeasibility (10)
- 2. Justification Challenges
 - a. Agrippa's trilemma (10)
 - b. Gettier problem (13)

- c. Knowledge closure (17)
- 3. Internal or External
 - a. Pro-internalism (24)
 - b. Pro-externalism (5)
 - c. Disjunctivism (3)

B. Internal Justification

- 1. Epistemic virtues (10)
- 2. Pragmatic justification (8)
- 3. Evidentialism
 - a. Evidence (17)
 - b. Evidentialism (9)
- 4. Foundationalism
 - a. Foundationalism (16)
 - b. Basic beliefs (15)
 - c. Empirical foundations (11)
 - d. Rational foundations (8)
 - e. Pro-foundations (6)
 - f. Foundationalism critique (18)
- 5. Coherentism
 - a. Coherence as justification (31)
 - b. Pro-coherentism (18)
 - c. Coherentism critique (23)

C. External Justification

- 1. External Justification (20)
- 2. Causal Justification (14)
- 3. Reliabilism
 - a. Reliable knowledge (14)
 - b. Anti-reliabilism (15)
- 4. Tracking the Facts (3)
- 5. Controlling Beliefs (5)
- 6. Contextual Justification
 - a. Contextualism (18)
 - b. Invariantism (10)
- 7. Testimony (18)
- 8. Social Justification (9)
- 9. Naturalised Epistemology (7)
- 10. Anti External Justification (7)

D. Scepticism

- 1. Scepticism (33)
- 2. Types of Scepticism (8)
- 3. Illusion Scepticism (18)
- 4. Demon Scepticism (3)
- 5. Dream Scepticism (7)
- 6. Scepticism Critique (30)

E. Relativism

- 1. Relativism (31)
- 2. Knowledge as Convention (4)
- 3. Subjectivism (22)
- 4. Cultural relativism (12)
- 5. Language Relativism (7)
- 6. Relativism Critique (19)

14. Science

A. Basis of Science

- 1. Observation (8)
- 2. Demonstration (27)
- 3. Experiment (15)
- 4. Prediction (18)
- 5. Anomalies (7)
- 6. Falsification (21)

B. Scientific Theories

- 1. Scientific Theory (39)
- 2. Aim of Science (15)
- 3. Instrumentalism (14)
- 4. Paradigm (4)
- 5. Commensurability (10)

- 6. Theory Holism (4)
- 7. Scientific Models (7)
- 8. Ramsey Sentences (8)

C. Induction

- 1. Induction (27)
- 2. Aims of Induction (14)
- 3. Limits of Induction (32)
- 4. Reason in Induction (12)
- 5. Paradoxes of Induction
 - a. Grue problem (20)
 - b. Raven paradox (16)
- 6. Bayes's Theorem (19)

D. Explanation

- 1. Explanation
 - a. Explanation (18)
 - b. Aims of explanation (26)
 - c. Direction of explanation (6)
 - d. Explaining people (3)
- 2. Types of Explanation
 - a. Types of explanation (34)
 - b. Contrastive explanations (4)
 - c. Explanations by coherence (14)
 - d. Consilience (3)
 - e. Lawlike explanations (35)
 - f. Necessity in explanations (5)
 - g. Causal explanations (33)
 - h. Explanations by function (4)
 - i. Explanations by mechanism (32)
 - j. Explanations by reduction (14)
 - k. Explanations by essence (36)
 - l. Probabilistic explanations (7)
 - m. Explanation by proof (5)
- 3. Best Explanation
 - a. Best explanation (26)
 - b. Ultimate explanation (12)
 - c. Against best explanation (11)
- 4. Explanation Doubts
 - a. Explanation as pragmatic (9)
 - b. Rejecting explanation (2)

15. Nature of Minds

A. Nature of Mind

- 1. Mind
 - a. Mind (9)
 - b. Purpose of mind (9)
 - c. Features of mind (14)
 - d. Location of mind (9)
 - e. Questions about mind (10)
- 2. Puchē (28)
- 3. Mental Causation (12)
- 4. Other Minds
 - a. Other minds (4)
 - b. Scepticism of other minds (6)
 - c. Knowing other minds (22)
 - d. Other minds by analogy (12)
- 5. Unity of Mind (25)
- 6. Anti-Individualism (12)
- 7. Animal Minds (12)
- 8. Brain (16)

B. Features of Minds

- 1. Consciousness
 - a. Consciousness (21)
 - b. Essence of consciousness (12)
 - c. Parts of consciousness (7)
 - d. Purpose of consciousness (12)
 - e. Cause of consciousness (18)

- f. Higher-order thought (16)
- 2. Unconscious Mind (18)
- 3. Privacy (9)
- 4. Intentionality
 - a. Nature of intentionality (17)
 - b. Intentionality theories (23)
- 5. Qualia
 - a. Nature of qualia (17)
 - b. Qualia and intentionality (12)
 - c. Explaining qualia (13)
- 6. Inverted Qualia (8)
- 7. Blindsight (7)

C. Capacities of Minds

- 1. Faculties (20)
- 2. Imagination (13)
- 3. Abstraction by mind (26)
- 4. Objectification (6)
- 5. Generalisation by mind (32)
- 6. Idealisation (10)
- 7. Seeing Resemblance (13)
- 8. Remembering Contiguity (3)
- 9. Perceiving Causation (6)
- 10. Conatus/Striving (12)

16. Persons

A. Concept of a Person

- 1. Existence of Persons (9)
- 2. Persons as Responsible (5)
- 3. Persons as Reasoners (5)
- 4. Persons as Agents (11)

B. Nature of the Self

- 1. Self and Consciousness (7)
- 2. Ethical Self (4)
- 3. Self as Non-physical (5)
- 4. Presupposition of Self (20)
- 5. Self as Associations (13)
- 6. Self as Higher Awareness (9)
- 7. Self and Body
 - a. Self needs body (15)
 - b. Self as brain (2)
 - c. Self as brain controller (2)

C. Self-Awareness

- 1. Introspection (16)
- 2. Knowing the Self (29)
- 3. Limits of Introspection (23)
- 4. Errors in Introspection (5)

D. Continuity of the Self

- 1. Identity and the Self (4)
- 2. Mental Continuity
 - a. Memory is Self (21)
 - b. Self as mental continuity (22)
 - c. Inadequacy of mental continuity (20)
- 3. Reference of 'I' (7)
- 4. Split Consciousness (5)
- 5. Concerns of the Self (3)
- 6. Body sustains Self (2)
- 7. Self and Thinking (8)

E. Rejecting the Self

- 1. Self as Indeterminate (6)
- 2. Self as Social Construct (13)
- 3. Narrative Self (6)
- 4. Denial of the Self (24)

F. Free Will

- 1. Nature of Free Will (30)
- 2. Sources of Free Will (20)
- 3. Constraints on the will (7)

- 4. For Free Will (22)
- 5. Against Free Will (40)
- 6. Determinism
 - a. Determinism (30)
 - b. Fate (12)
- 7. Compatibilism (12)

17. Mind and Body

A. Mind-Body Dualism

- 1. Dualism (22)
- 2. Interactionism (18)
- 3. Panpsychism (12)
- 4. Occasionalism (5)
- 5. Parallelism (8)
- 6. Epiphenomenalism (13)
- 7. Zombies (11)
- 8. Dualism of Mind Critique (32)

B. Behaviourism

- 1. Behaviourism (7)
- 2. Potential Behaviour (13)
- 3. Intentional Stance (4)
- 4. Behaviourism Critique (25)

C. Functionalism

- 1. Functionalism (22)
- 2. Machine Functionalism (9)
- 3. Psycho-Functionalism (2)
- 4. Causal Functionalism (7)
- 5. Teleological Functionalism (5)
- 6. Homuncular Functionalism (4)
- 7. Chinese Room (11)
- 8. Functionalism critique (18)

D. Property Dualism

- 1. Reductionism critique (10)
- 2. Anomalous Monism (13)
- 3. Property Dualism (17)
- 4. Emergentism (9)
- 5. Supervenience of mind (19)
- 6. Mysterianism (13)

E. Mind as Physical

- 1. Physical Mind (39)
- 2. Reduction of Mind (22)
- 3. Eliminativism (19)
- 4. Connectionism (14)
- 5. Causal Argument (13)
- 6. Conceptual Dualism (4)
- 7. Anti-Physicalism
 - a. Physicalism critique (14)
 - b. Multiple realisability (24)
 - c. Knowledge argument (7)
 - d. Explanatory gap (5)
 - e. Modal argument (5)

18. Thought

A. Modes of Thought

- 1. Thought (34)
- 2. Propositional Attitudes (8)
- 3. Emotions
 - a. Nature of emotions (17)
 - b. Types of emotion (5)
 - c. Role of emotions (20)
 - d. Emotional feeling (7)
 - e. Basic emotions (12)
 - f. Emotion and reason (11)
 - g. Controlling emotions (13)
- 4. Folk Psychology (19)
- 5. Rationality

- a. Rationality (28)
- b. Human rationality (14)
- c. Animal rationality (4)
- 6. Judgement
 - a. Nature of Judgement (20)
 - b. Error (9)
- 7. Intelligence (2)
- 8. Human Thought (7)
- 9. Indexical Thought (19)
- 10. Rule Following (6)

B. Mechanics of Thought

- 1. Psychology (4)
- 2. Categories of Understanding (6)
- 3. Modularity of Mind (14)
- 4. Language of Thought (19)
- 5. Mental Files (24)
- 6. Artificial Thought
 - a. Artificial Intelligence (11)
 - b. Turing Machines (5)
 - c. Turing Test (6)

C. Content

- 1. Content (26)
- 2. Ideas (18)
- 5. Twin Earth (20)
- 6. Broad Content (39)
- 7. Narrow Content (10)
- 8. Intension (5)
- 9. Conceptual Role Semantics (3)
- 10. Causal Semantics (7)
- 11. Teleological Semantics (3)
- 12. Informational Semantics (2)

D. Concepts

- 1. Concepts
 - a. Nature of concepts (28)
 - b. Concepts in philosophy (6)
 - c. Concepts in psychology (6)
- 2. Origin of Concepts
 - a. Origin of concepts (12)
 - b. Empirical concepts (9)
 - c. Nativist concepts (15)
- 3. Ontology of Concepts
 - a. Concepts as representations (8)
 - b. Concepts as abilities (18)
 - c. Fregean concepts (20)
- 4. Structure of Concepts
 - a. Conceptual structure (9)
 - b. Analysis of concepts (10)
 - c. Classical concepts (14)
 - d. Concepts as prototypes (22)
 - e. Concepts from exemplars (10)
 - f. Theory theory of concepts (16)
 - g. Conceptual atomism (4)
 - h. Family resemblance (5)
 - i. Conceptual priority (4)
- 5. Concepts and Language
 - a. Concepts and language (7)
 - b. Concepts are linguistic (5)
 - c. Concepts without language (4)

E. Abstraction

- 1. Abstract Thought (22)
- 2. Abstracta by Selection (24)
- 3. Abstracta by Ignoring (23)
- 4. Abstracta by Example (2)
- 5. Abstracta by Negation (7)
- 6. Abstracta by Conflation (5)
- 7. Abstracta by Equivalence (40)

- 8. Abstractionism Critique (28)

19. Language

A. Nature of Meaning

- 1. Meaning (30)
- 2. Meaning as Mental (15)
- 3. Meaning as Speaker's Intention (9)
- 4. Meaning as Truth-Conditions (33)
- 5. Meaning as Verification (36)
- 6. Meaning as Use (27)
- 7. Meaning Holism
 - a. Sentence meaning (11)
 - b. Language holism (16)
 - c. Meaning by Role (12)
- 8. Synonymy (8)
- 9. Ambiguity (4)
- 10. Denial of Meanings (14)

B. Reference

- 1. Reference theories (29)
- 2. Denoting (5)
- 3. Direct Reference
 - a. Direct reference (11)
 - b. Causal reference (22)
 - c. Social reference (12)
- 4. Descriptive Reference
 - a. Sense and reference (17)
 - b. Reference by description (25)
- 5. Speaker's Reference (12)

C. Assigning Meanings

- 1. Syntax (9)
- 2. Semantics (26)
- 3. Predicates (25)
- 4. Compositionality (16)
- 5. Fregean Semantics (17)
- 6. Truth-Conditions Semantics (15)
- 7. Extensional Semantics (8)
- 8. Possible Worlds Semantics (17)
- 9. Indexical Semantics (15)
- 10. Two-Dimensional Semantics (20)

D. Propositions

- 1. Propositions (33)
- 2. Abstract Propositions
 - a. Propositions as sense (19)
 - b. Propositions as possible worlds (9)
- 3. Concrete Propositions (14)
- 4. Mental Propositions (20)
- 5. Unity of Propositions (8)
- 6. Propositions Critique (15)

E. Analyticity

- 1. Analytic Propositions (20)
- 2. Analytic Truths (12)
- 3. Analytic and Synthetic (7)
- 4. Analytic/Synthetic Critique (17)

F. Communication

- 1. Rhetoric (24)
- 2. Assertion (4)
- 3. Denial (10)
- 4. Private Language (21)
- 5. Pragmatics
 - a. Contextual meaning (10)
 - b. Implicature (11)
 - c. Presupposition (5)
- 6. Interpreting Language
 - a. Translation (6)
 - b. Indeterminate translation (19)
 - c. Principle of charity (21)

d. Metaphor (14)

20. Action

A. Definition of Action

1. Action Theory (12)
2. Duration of an Action (6)
3. Actions and Events (2)
4. Action as Movement (5)
5. Action as Trying (1)

B. Preliminaries of Action

1. Intention to Act
 - a. Nature of intentions (17)
 - b. Types of intention (5)
 - c. Reducing intentions (4)
 - d. Group intentions (6)
2. Willed Action
 - a. Will to Act (33)
 - b. Volitionism (4)
 - c. Agent causation (8)
 - d. Weakness of will (30)

C. Motives for Action

1. Acting on Desires (17)
2. Acting on Beliefs
 - a. Acting on beliefs (6)
 - b. Action cognitivism (4)
3. Acting on Reason
 - a. Practical reason (32)
 - b. Intellectualism (31)
 - c. Reasons as causes (22)
4. Responsibility for Actions (30)
5. Action Dilemmas
 - a. Dilemmas (12)
 - b. Double Effect (14)
 - c. Omissions (12)

21. Aesthetics

A. Aesthetic Experience

1. Aesthetics (9)
2. Aesthetic Attitude (22)
3. Taste (11)
4. Beauty (33)
5. Natural Beauty (14)
6. The Sublime (11)

B. Nature of Art

1. Defining Art (10)
2. Art as Form (10)
3. Art as Imitation (2)
4. Art as Expression (19)
5. Art as Language (4)
6. Art as Institution (8)
7. Ontology of Art (9)
8. The Arts
 - a. Music (8)
 - b. Literature (11)
 - c. Visual Arts (0)

C. Artistic Issues

1. Artistic Intentions (15)
2. Copies of Art (4)
3. Artistic Representation (4)
4. Emotion in Art (6)
5. Objectivism in Art (8)
6. Value of Art (14)
7. Art and Morality (39)

22. Metaethics

A. Ethics Foundations

1. Nature of Ethics
 - a. Preconditions for ethics (9)
 - b. Defining ethics (15)
 - c. Purpose of ethics (8)
 - d. Ethical theory (29)
 - e. Ethical cognitivism (7)
 - f. Ethical non-cognitivism (10)
 - g. Moral responsibility (38)
 - h. Against ethics (8)
2. Source of Ethics
 - a. Idealistic ethics (11)
 - b. Rational ethics (33)
 - c. Ethical intuitionism (31)
 - d. Biological ethics (10)
 - e. Human nature (59)
 - f. Übermensch (18)
 - g. Will to power (8)
 - h. Expressivism (30)
 - i. Prescriptivism (17)
 - j. Ethics by convention (29)
 - k. Ethics from nature (11)

B. Value

1. Nature of Value
 - a. Nature of value (25)
 - b. Fact and value (25)
 - c. Objective value (9)
 - d. Subjective value (17)
 - e. Means and ends (9)
 - f. Ultimate value (35)
2. Values
 - a. Normativity (8)
 - b. Successful function (9)
 - c. Life (10)
 - d. Health (11)
 - e. Death (28)
 - f. Altruism (16)
 - g. Love (56)
 - h. Fine deeds (10)
 - i. Self-interest (18)
 - j. Evil (9)

C. The Good

1. Goodness
 - a. Form of the Good (26)
 - b. Types of good (19)
 - c. Right and good (12)
 - d. Good as virtue (6)
 - e. Good as knowledge (6)
 - f. Good as pleasure (16)
 - g. Consequentialism (34)
 - h. Good as benefit (5)
 - i. Moral luck (9)
2. Happiness
 - a. Nature of happiness (18)
 - b. Eudaimonia (15)
 - c. Value of happiness (14)
 - d. Routes to happiness (33)
3. Pleasure
 - a. Nature of pleasure (10)
 - b. Types of pleasure (16)
 - c. Value of pleasure (27)
 - d. Sources of pleasure (10)
 - e. Role of pleasure (13)
 - f. Dangers of pleasure (14)

23. Ethics

A. Egoism

1. Ethical Egoism (25)
2. Hedonism (9)
3. Cyrenaic School (5)

B. Contract Ethics

1. Contractarianism (25)
2. Golden Rule (15)
3. Promise Keeping (8)
4. Value of Authority (4)
5. Free Rider (6)
6. Game Theory (3)
7. Prisoner's Dilemma (3)
8. Contract Strategies (8)
9. Contractualism (4)

C. Virtue Theory

1. Virtue Theory
 - a. Nature of virtue (53)
 - b. Basis of virtue (22)
 - c. Particularism (18)
 - d. Virtue theory critique (20)
2. Elements of Virtue Theory
 - a. Natural virtue (5)
 - b. Living naturally (8)
 - c. Motivation for virtue (44)
 - d. Teaching virtue (28)
 - e. Character (46)
 - f. The Mean (26)
 - g. Desires (1)
 - h. Right feelings (10)
 - i. Absolute virtues (6)
 - j. Unity of virtue (19)
3. Virtues
 - a. Virtues (40)
 - b. Temperance (13)
 - c. Justice (30)
 - d. Courage (15)
 - e. Honour (11)
 - f. Compassion (20)
 - g. Contemplation (13)
 - h. Respect (18)
4. External Goods
 - a. External goods (8)
 - b. Health (2)
 - c. Wealth (18)
 - d. Friendship (22)

D. Deontological Ethics

1. Deontology (24)
2. Duty (44)
3. Universalisability (22)
4. Categorical Imperative (27)
5. Persons as Ends (5)
6. Motivation for Duty (19)

E. Utilitarianism

1. Utilitarianism (37)
2. Ideal of Pleasure (8)
3. Motivation for Altruism (9)
4. Unfairness (3)
5. Rule Utilitarianism (4)
6. Ideal Utilitarianism (1)

F. Existentialism

1. Existentialism (25)
2. Nihilism (20)
3. Angst (18)
4. Boredom (30)

5. Existence-Essence (10)
6. Authentic Self (29)
7. Existential Action (17)
8. Eternal Recurrence (10)

24. Political Theory

A. Basis of a State

1. A People
 - a. Human distinctiveness (23)
 - b. The natural life (24)
 - c. A unified people (37)
2. Population
 - a. Human population (5)
 - b. State population (10)
3. Natural Values
 - a. Natural freedom (8)
 - b. Natural equality (5)
 - c. Natural rights (22)
4. Original Position
 - a. Original position (7)
 - b. Veil of ignorance (8)
 - c. Difference principle (3)

B. Nature of a State

1. Purpose of a State (39)
2. State Legitimacy
 - a. Sovereignty (13)
 - b. Natural authority (3)
 - c. Social contract (30)
 - d. General will (33)
3. Constitutions (21)
4. Citizenship (38)
5. Culture (12)

C. Ruling a State

1. Social Power (25)
2. Leaders
 - a. Autocracy (6)
 - b. Monarchy (21)
 - c. Despotism (22)
 - d. Elites (23)
3. Government
 - a. Government (11)
 - b. Legislature (3)
 - c. Executive (5)
 - d. Size of government (2)
4. Changing the State
 - a. Centralisation (5)
 - b. Devolution (5)
 - c. Revolution (19)

D. Ideologies

1. Ideology (10)
2. Anarchism (15)
3. Conservatism (13)
4. Social Utilitarianism (12)
5. Democracy
 - a. Nature of democracy (34)
 - b. Consultation (23)
 - c. Direct democracy (9)
 - d. Representative democracy (20)
 - e. Democratic minorities (6)
 - f. Against democracy (13)
6. Liberalism
 - a. Liberalism basics (25)
 - b. Liberal individualism (22)
 - c. Liberal equality (9)
 - d. Liberal freedom (13)
 - e. Liberal community (10)

- f. Multiculturalism (10)
- g. Liberalism critique (24)
- 7. Communitarianism
 - a. Communitarianism (35)
 - b. Against communitarianism (13)
- 8. Socialism (13)
- 9. Communism (36)
- 10. Theocracy (7)
- 11. Capitalism (38)
- 12. Feminism (12)
- 13. Green Politics (6)
- 14. Nationalism (11)

25. Social Practice

A. Freedoms

1. Slavery (29)
2. Freedom of belief (6)
3. Free speech (16)
4. Free market (10)
5. Freedom of lifestyle (40)
6. Political freedom (8)
7. Freedom to leave (2)

B. Equalities

1. Grounds of equality (39)
2. Political equality (16)
3. Legal equality (4)
4. Economic equality (25)

C. Rights

1. Basis of Rights (43)
2. Moral rights (4)
3. Alienating rights (15)
4. Property rights (47)

D. Justice

1. Basis of justice (42)
2. The Law
 - a. Legal system (17)
 - b. Rule of law (12)
 - c. Natural law (22)
 - d. Legal positivism (6)
3. Punishment
 - a. Right to punish (21)
 - b. Retribution for crime (13)
 - c. Deterrence of crime (4)
 - d. Reform of offenders (6)

E. Policies

1. War
 - a. Just wars (30)
 - b. Justice in war (14)
 - c. Combatants (18)
 - d. Non-combatants (7)
 - e. Peace (9)
2. Religion in Society (22)
3. Welfare provision (5)
4. Taxation (5)
5. Education
 - a. Aims of education (14)
 - b. Education principles (18)
 - c. Teaching (19)
 - d. Study of history (20)

F. Life Issues

1. Causing Death (9)
2. Euthanasia (11)
3. Abortion (33)
4. Suicide (26)
5. Sexual Morality (14)
6. Animal Rights (33)

26. Natural Theory

A. Speculations on Nature

1. Nature (34)
2. Natural Purpose
 - a. Final purpose (13)
 - b. Limited purposes (17)
 - c. Purpose denied (14)
3. Natural Function (8)
4. Mathematical Nature (14)
5. Infinite in Nature (14)
6. Early Matter Theories
 - a. Greek matter (13)
 - b. Prime matter (11)
 - c. Ultimate substances (11)
 - d. The unlimited (7)
 - e. The One (21)
 - f. Ancient elements (29)
 - g. Atomism (40)
7. Later Matter Theories
 - a. Early Modern matter (10)
 - b. Corpuscles (7)
 - c. Matter as extension (8)

B. Natural Kinds

1. Natural Kinds (20)
2. Defining Kinds (9)
3. Knowing Kinds (9)
4. Source of Kinds (13)
5. Reference to Natural Kinds (13)
6. Necessity of Kinds (7)
7. Critique of Kinds (12)

C. Causation

1. Causation (32)
2. Types of cause (21)
3. Final causes (5)
4. Naturalised causation (28)
5. Direction of causation (19)
6. Causation as primitive (5)
7. Eliminating causation (19)
8. Particular Causation
 - a. Observation of causation (11)
 - b. Causal relata (41)
 - c. Conditions of causation (19)
 - d. Selecting the cause (14)
 - e. Probabilistic causation (10)
9. General Causation
 - a. Constant conjunction (24)
 - b. Nomological causation (22)
 - c. Counterfactual causation (37)
 - d. Causal necessity (31)

D. Laws of Nature

1. Laws of Nature (40)
2. Types of Laws (11)
3. Laws and Generalities (8)
4. Regularities
 - a. Regularity theory (41)
 - b. Best system theory (17)
5. Laws from Universals (13)
6. Laws as Numerical (6)
7. Strictness of Laws (12)
8. Scientific Essentialism
 - a. Scientific essentialism (38)
 - b. Scientific necessity (26)
 - c. Essence and laws (22)
 - d. Knowing essences (15)
 - e. Anti scientific essentialism (17)

9. Counterfactual Claims (10)
10. Closure of Physics (4)
11. Against Laws of Nature (24)

27. Natural Reality

A. Classical Physics

1. Mechanics
 - a. Explaining movement (33)
 - b. Laws of motion (10)
 - c. Forces (25)
 - d. Gravity (5)
2. Thermodynamics
 - a. Energy (9)
 - b. Heat (3)
 - c. Conservation of energy (6)
 - d. Entropy (6)

B. Modern Physics

1. Relativity
 - a. Special relativity (10)
 - b. General relativity (5)
2. Electrodynamics
 - a. Electrodynamics (13)
 - b. Fields (14)
 - c. Electrons (11)
 - d. Quantum mechanics (13)
3. Chromodynamics
 - a. Chromodynamics (5)
 - b. Quarks (3)
4. Standard Model
 - a. Concept of matter (20)
 - b. Standard model (11)
 - c. Particle properties (11)
 - d. Mass (4)
 - e. Protons (4)
 - f. Neutrinos (3)
 - g. Anti-matter (1)
5. Unified Models
 - a. Electro-weak unity (2)
 - b. String theory (8)
 - c. Supersymmetry (5)

C. Space

1. Void (9)
2. Space (13)
3. Points in Space (13)
4. Substantial Space (16)
5. Relational Space (8)
6. Space-Time (16)

D. Time

1. Nature of Time
 - a. Absolute time (13)
 - b. Relative time (10)
 - c. Idealist time (9)
 - d. Time as measure (10)
 - e. Eventless time (7)
 - f. Eternalism (8)
 - g. Growing block (12)
 - h. Presentism (30)
 - i. Denying time (11)
2. Passage of Time
 - a. Experience of time (12)
 - b. Rate of time (6)
 - c. Tenses and time (10)
 - d. Time series (13)
 - e. Tensed (A) series (12)
 - f. Tenseless (B) series (12)
 - g. Time's arrow (24)

- h. Change in time (5)
- i. Time and motion (4)
- j. Time travel (6)
- k. Temporal truths (7)
- 3. Parts of Time
 - a. Beginning of time (5)
 - b. Instants (5)
 - c. Intervals (4)
 - d. Measuring time (5)
 - e. Present moment (14)

E. Cosmology

1. Cosmology (16)
2. Eternal Universe (8)
3. The Beginning (11)
4. Big Bang (0)
5. Cosmic Inflation (0)
6. Expansion of Universe (0)
7. Black Holes (2)
8. Dark Matter (3)
9. Fine-Tuned Universe (2)
10. Multiverse (5)

F. Chemistry

1. Chemistry (20)
2. Modern Elements (9)
3. Periodic Table (17)

G. Biology

1. Biology (3)
2. Life (21)
3. Evolution (23)
4. Ecology (3)
5. Species (13)

28. God

A. Divine Nature

1. God (9)
2. Divine Nature (42)
3. Divine Perfections (21)
4. Divine Contradictions (17)
5. God and Time (9)
6. Divine Morality
 - a. Divine morality (11)
 - b. Euthyphro question (20)
 - c. God is the good (14)
 - d. God decrees morality (15)

B. Proving God

1. Proof of God (12)
2. Proofs of Reason
 - a. Ontological Proof (37)
 - b. Ontological Proof critique (38)
 - c. Moral Argument (6)
 - d. Pascal's Wager (6)
3. Proofs of Evidence
 - a. Cosmological Proof (21)
 - b. Teleological Proof (32)
 - c. Teleological Proof critique (28)
 - d. Religious Experience (5)
 - e. Miracles (13)

C. Attitudes to God

1. Monotheism (3)
2. Pantheism (12)
3. Deism (5)
4. God Reflects Humanity (18)
5. Atheism (35)

29. Religion

A. Polytheistic Religion

1. Animism (3)
2. Greek Polytheism (14)
3. Hinduism (8)
4. Dualist Religion (6)
5. Manicheism (0)

B. Monotheistic Religion

1. Monotheistic Religion (3)
2. Judaism (15)
3. Zoroastrianism (5)
4. Christianity
 - a. Christianity (36)
 - b. Transubstantiation (1)
 - c. Angels (5)
 - d. Heresy (4)
5. Bible (4)
6. Islam (8)

C. Spiritual Disciplines

1. Confucianism (1)
2. Taoism (4)
3. Buddhism (12)
4. Zen Buddhism (3)

D. Religious Issues

1. Religious Commitment
 - a. Religious Belief (32)
 - b. Religious Meaning (4)
 - c. Religious Verification (3)
 - d. Religious Falsification (3)
 - e. Fideism (12)
2. Immortality
 - a. Immortality (39)
 - b. Soul (19)
 - c. Animal Souls (2)
 - d. Heaven (14)
 - e. Hell (4)
3. Problem of Evil
 - a. Problem of Evil (21)
 - b. Human Evil (7)
 - c. Human Error (4)
 - d. Natural Evil (12)